Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	eg $6x + 10y = 6.2$ 6x + 3y = 3.75 7y = 2.45 eg $30x + 15y = 18.75$ $9x + \overline{15y = 9.3}$ 21x = 9.45 or eg $6\left(\frac{3.1 - 5y}{3}\right) + 3y = 3.75$		3	M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable – multiplying one or both equations so the coefficient of x or y is the same in both (condone one arithmetic error), with the intention to subtract all 3 terms to eliminate one variable (intention to subtract is clearly showing a minus sign or subtracting 2 or 3 out of 3 terms)  or isolating x or y in one equation
				and substituting into the other
	eg. $6 \times \text{``}0.45\text{''} + 3y = 3.75$ or $3 \times \text{``}0.45\text{''} + 5y = 3.1$ or $3x + 5 \times \text{``}0.35\text{''} = 3.1$ or $6x + 3 \times \text{``}0.35\text{''} = 3.75$			M1 dep. Substitute found value into one equation <b>or</b> correct method to eliminate second unknown.
		x = 0.45 oe $y = 0.35$ oe		A1 dep M1
				Total 3 marks

Q	Working	Answer		Mark	Notes
2 (a)	$5x \le 2+7 \text{ or } 5x \le 9 \text{ or } \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{7}{5} \le \frac{2}{5} \text{ oe}$			2	M1 allow any sign instead of $\leq$ or for an answer of 1.8 oe or $x$ and 1.8 oe with the incorrect sign
(b)(i)	$(y \pm 7)(y \pm 5)$	<i>x</i> ≤ 1.8		2	A1 oe  M1 for $(y \pm 7)(y \pm 5)$ or $(y + a)(y + b)$ where $ab = -35$
		(y-7)(y+5)			or $a + b = -2$ Al isw if student goes on to solve the equation in this part
(ii)		7, -5		1	B1ft answer must ft from their $(y+a)(y+b)$ in (b)(i). Award B0for 7, -5 if no marks scored in (i)
					Total 5 marks
3 (a)		a 1	1	B1	
(b)		w <sup>12</sup>	1	B1	
(c)		$64x^{10}y^6$	2	B2	if not B2 then award B1 for 2 correctparts as part of a product eg $kx^{10}y^6$ where $k \neq 64$ or $64x^ky^6$ where $k \neq 10$ or $64x^{10}y^k$ where $k \neq 6$
(d)	$c + 8v = t^3$		2	M1	
		$t = \sqrt[3]{c + 8v}$		A1	oe
					SCB1 for an answer of $t = \frac{c + 8v}{3}$ oe
					Total 6 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Ma	ark	Notes
4 (a)	$2y-4y+8-y^2$		2	M1	for 3 correct terms <b>or</b> for 4 correct terms ignoring signs <b>or</b> $-2y - y^2$ <b>or</b> $8 - 2y$ Any order but simplified.
		$8-2y-y^2$		Al	Total 2 marks
					Total 2 marks
(b)		$5b^3c(3b^2-7c^8)$	2	B2	fully correct <b>or</b> B1 for a correct partial factorisation with at least two terms outside the bracket eg $5b^3(3b^2c-7c^9)$ or $5c(3b^5-7b^3c^8)$ etc <b>or</b> the fully correct factor outside the bracket with a two term expression in terms of $b$ and $c$ inside the bracket eg $5b^3c(15b^2-c^8)$
					Total 2 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5	eg $\frac{27}{4}$ and $\frac{18}{7}$		3	M1 Both fractions expressed as improper fractions.
	$\frac{27}{4} \times \frac{7}{18}$ oe or eg $\frac{189}{28} \div \frac{72}{28}$			M1 for both fractions expressed as equivalent fractions with denominators that are a common multiple of 4 and 7 (seeing this stage gains M2)
	eg $\frac{27}{4} \times \frac{7}{18} = \frac{189}{72} = \frac{21}{8} = 2\frac{5}{8}$ or $\frac{27}{4} \times \frac{7}{18} = \frac{189}{72} = 2\frac{45}{72} = 2\frac{5}{8}$ or $\frac{27^3}{4} \times \frac{7}{18^2} = \frac{21}{8} = 2\frac{5}{8}$ or $\frac{189}{28} \div \frac{72}{28} = \frac{189}{72} = 2\frac{45}{72} = 2\frac{5}{8}$ oe if the student clearly shows $2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{21}{8}$ then they only need to complete the LHS to $\frac{21}{8}$ (often done in 1st line of working)	shown		dep M2 conclusion to $2\frac{5}{8}$ from correct working – either sight of the result of the multiplication e.g. $\frac{189}{72}$ must be seen then cancelled or correct cancelling prior to the multiplication with $\frac{21}{8}$ seen.  NB entire solution using decimals scores no marks.
				Total 3 marks

Q		Working	Answer		Mark	Notes
6	`	$(x+2) = 5x^2 + 10x$		3	M1	for a correct intention to multiply all 3
		$(x+2)(3x-4) = 3x^2 - 4x + 6x - 8(= 3x^2 + 2x - 8)$ $(x(3x-4) = 15x^2 - 20x$				factors by starting to multiply 2 factors only, allow one error
	or [				M1	(dep)ft for expanding by the third factor, allow one error  (some may do the expansion in one stage and will get to $15x^3 - 20x^2 + 30x^2 - 40x$ without firstly expanding two factors, allow two errors)
			$15x^3 + 10x^2 - 40x$	_	Al	isw correct factorisation eg $5(3x^3 + 2x^2 - 8x)$ do not isw incorrect factorisation eg $15x^3 + 10x^2 - 40x = 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 8x$
						Total 3 marks

7	E	3	В3	all 4 parts of diagram correct
	A 5 4 B		(B2	for 2 or 3 parts correct)
	(11 (10) 7 (12) 15) 6)		(B1	for 1 part correct)
	13			SCB1 if no marks scored, award B1
	7 8 14			if 4,6 in the section $A \cap B'$ and 9,
				11, 12, 13 in the section $A' \cap B$
		·		Total 3 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
<b>8</b> (a)	700 ÷ 200 (= 3.5)		3	M1 or 3.5 shown on diagram – within bounds of overlay
				M1 for line drawn at correct angle ± 2 within bounds of overlay
		C indicated in correct position		A1 for C drawn within bounds of overlay, inclusive of lines.
(b)		(1:) 20 000	1	B1
				Total 4 marks
9 (a)	eg $2y = -7x(+10)$		2	M1 for $2y = -7x(+10)$ or an answer of $-3.5x$ oe or an answer of 3.5 oe
		-3.5		A1 oe
(b)		(0, 5)	1	B1 cao
				Total 3 marks
10	5 5 7 8 10 12 13 14 16 21 23		3 M	1 For ordering the numbers Allow one error or omission in the list.
	16 & 7 identified for LQ and UQ		М	have identified the median (12)
		9	A	
				Total 3 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
11 (a)	$12.6 \times 10^{(-24+145)}$ or $12.6 \times 10^{121}$ or $1.26 \times 10^{n}$		2	M1
		$1.26 \times 10^{122}$		A1 allow $1.3 \times 10^{122}$
(b)	216 or 2.16 or $10^{120}$ or $10^{122}$ or $6^3 \times 10^{40 \times 3}$		3	M1 or for digits 216
	$216 \times 10^{120}$ oe or or $2.16 \times 10^n$ where $n \neq 122$			M1
		2.16×10 <sup>122</sup>		A1
				Total 5 marks

12	$\left(\frac{2w^2}{y^5}\right)^{-3} \text{ or } \left(\frac{y^{20}}{16w^8}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \text{ or } \left(\frac{4096w^{24}}{y^{60}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$		3	M1 for one of fourth rooting or reciprocating or cubing
	$\left[ \left( \frac{8w^6}{y^{15}} \right)^{-1} \text{ or } \frac{2^{-3}w^{-6}}{y^{-15}} \text{ or } \frac{\frac{1}{8}w^{-6}}{y^{-15}} \text{ or } \left( \frac{y^5}{2w^2} \right)^{3} \text{ or } \left( \frac{y^{60}}{4096w^{24}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right]$ or $\frac{0.125y^{15}}{w^6} \text{ or } \frac{0.125w^{-6}}{y^{-15}} \text{ or } \frac{0.125}{y^{-15}w^6} \text{ oe}$			M1 for two of fourth rooting or reciprocating or cubing
		$\frac{y^{15}}{8w^6}$		A1 allow $ \frac{y^{15}}{8w^{6}} \text{ or } \frac{y^{15}w^{-6}}{8} \text{ or } 0.125y^{15}w^{-6} $ or $\frac{1}{8}y^{15}w^{-6} \text{ or } \frac{w^{-6}}{8y^{-15}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{8y^{-15}w^{6}}$
				Total 3 marks

Q	Working		A	<b>Inswe</b>	r	Mark	Notes
13 (a)		17.75	1	l E	B1 06	2	
(b)		18.25	1		21	•	allow 18.249)
					S	C B1 for 1	17.5 in (a) <b>and</b> 18.5 (or 18.49 )in (b)
							Total 2 mark
14 (i) (ii)		(-4, 7) (5, 10)	1 1	B1 B1			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Total 2 mark
15			v	c≥-1		1 1	B1 oe condone > in place of ≥
13				$\frac{y \ge 1}{y \ge x}$		1	B1 oe condone $>$ in place of $\ge$
				$\frac{y-y}{2y} \le$	8	1	B1 oe condone $\leq$ in place of $\leq$
							SCB1 if all inequalities reversed
							Total 3 mark

0	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes

16	$3x^2 + (2x-3)^2 - x(2x-3) = 5$	$3\left(\frac{y+3}{2}\right)^2 + y^2 - y\left(\frac{y+3}{2}\right) = 5$		5	M1	Correct substitution of $x$ for $y$ (or $y$ for $x$ )
	$5x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0$ oe or $5x^2 - 9x = -4$	$5y^2 + 12y + 7 = 0$ oe or $5y^2 + 12y = -7$			M1	for a correct equation in the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ (= 0) oe <b>or</b> $ax^2 + bx = -c$
	(5x-4)(x-1)(=0) or	$(5y+7)(y+1)(=0) \text{ or}$ $(y=)\frac{-12 + \sqrt{12^2 - 4 \times 5 \times 7}}{2 \times 5}$ or $5\left[\left(y+\frac{6}{5}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^2\right] + 7(=0)$ [leading to y values of -1.4 and -1]			M1ft	dep on M1 for solving their quadratic equation using any correct method - if factorising, allow brackets which expanded give 2 out of 3 terms correct (if using formula or completing the square allow one sign error and some simplification – allow as far as $ \frac{9\pm81-80}{10} \text{ oe or } \frac{^{-12\pm}\sqrt{144-140}}{10} \text{ oe} $ or $5\left(x-\frac{9}{10}\right)^2-\frac{1}{20} \text{ oe or } 5\left(y+\frac{6}{5}\right)^2-\frac{1}{5}$
	$(y =) 2 \times "0.8" - 3$ and $2 \times "1" - 3$	$(x=)^{\frac{"-1.4"+3}{2}}$ and $\frac{"-1"+3}{2}$			M1	dep on previous M1
			$x = 0.8 & \\ y = -1.4 / \\ x = 1 & \\ y = -1$		A1	oe, for both solutions dep on M2
						Total 5 marks

(	Q Working		Answer		Mark	Notes
17	$\frac{360}{10}$ (= 36) ext angle		4	M1		ind interior or exterior angle.  y be seen on diagram)
	or $\frac{(10-2)\times180}{10}$ (=144) x = ``144'' - 90  (= 54) or					
	$x = "144" - 90 (= 54) \text{ or}$ $x = \frac{"540" - 3 \times "144"}{2} (= 54)_{\text{or}}$ $x = 90 - "36" (= 54)$ 54 on the diagram is insufficient – must see working			M1	intended to eg use of in use of ext a 90° use of p GHIJA	t angle $-90^{\circ}$ ngle $+x =$
	$BAD = CDA = GDE = DGF = \frac{360 - 2 \times "144"}{2} (= 36)$			M1	working A correct m within the s or	nethod to find an angle of 36° shape (not exterior angle) in correct place in diagram
	There are other correct methods. Please check for correct working.	x = 54 $y = 54$		A1	dep on M3	to find each of x and y and the se of 54 for both from correct
						Total 4 marks
ALT	<i>ADG</i> = "144" – 2 × "36" (= 72)			M1		
	JA is parallel to $GD$			M1		
	DGA = DAG(y) [isosceles triangle]			M1		
	x = DGA = y	shown		A1		
	There are other correct methods. Please check for correct working.					Total 4 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
18	$\sqrt{12}$ $\sqrt{3}-2$		3	M1 rationalise denominator – award for
	$\operatorname{eg} \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{3}+2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}-2}{\sqrt{3}-2}$			seeing multiplication by $\frac{\sqrt{3}-2}{\sqrt{3}-2}$
				or $\frac{-\sqrt{3}+2}{-\sqrt{3}+2}$
				M1 dep M1 correctly simplifying
	eg $\frac{(\sqrt{36} - 2\sqrt{12})}{3 - 4}$ or $\frac{(6 - 2\sqrt{12})}{-1}$ or $-6 + 2\sqrt{12}$ or $\frac{6 - 4\sqrt{3}}{1}$ or $= 6 + 4\sqrt{3}$			numerator and denominator.
	or $\frac{6-4\sqrt{3}}{-1}$ or $=6+4\sqrt{3}$			(denominator could be $3-4$ or $-1$ )
		$-6 + \sqrt{48}$		A1 dep M2 must be in correct form
				(including $\sqrt{48}$ )
				allow $a = -6$ and $b = 48$
				Total 3 marks

Q	Working	Answer	Mar	k	Notes
<b>19</b> (a)		–0.2 and 2.2	2	B2	Both correct to 1 decimal place  (B1 for (-0.2, 0), (2.2, 0)  or  a single correct value to 1 decimal place  or  both values within
(b)	(y =) -2x + 1 oe seen		3	M1	-0.2 to -0.23 and 2.2 to 2.23)  Written – could be label on graph
	y = -2x + 1 drawn			M1	dep on previous M1 for drawing $y = -2x + 1$ passing through $(-1, 3)$ and $(2, -3)$ (allow 1 square tolerance)
		–0.6 and 1.6		A1	dep on M2 for both answers to 1 decimal place
				•	Total 5 marks

0	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
	Ð			

<b>20</b> (a)	$7-3(x^2-4x)$		3	M1	<b>or</b> for one of a, b or c correct
	$7-3[(x-2)^2-4]$		-	M1	<b>or</b> for two of a, b or c correct
		$19-3(x-2)^2$		A1	
(b)		(2, 19)	1	B1	ft their expression
					Total 4 marks

 $\frac{8n^2 + 16n + 10}{8} = n^2 + 2n + 1 + \frac{2}{8}$  oe  $8(n^2 + 2n + 1) + 2$  oe

**Total 3 marks** 

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
21	eg $(2n+1)^2 + (2n-1)^2$ or $(2n+1)^2 + (2n+3)^2$ oe		3	M1 for setting up a correct algebraic expression (any letter can be used must have intention to add (may come after expanding)
	Eg $4n^2 + 4n + 1 + 4n^2 - 4n + 1$ or $8n^2 + 2$ or $4n^2 + 4n + 1 + 4n^2 + 12n + 9$ or $8n^2 + 16n + 10$ oe			M1 correct expansion of brackets and correct signs or a correct result.
	$\frac{8n^{2} + 16n + 10}{8} = n^{2} + 2n + \frac{10}{8} \text{ which shows a}$ remainder of 2 or $10 - 8 = 2$ or $\frac{8n^{2} + 16n + 10}{8} = n^{2} + 2n + 1 \text{ remainder 2 oe}$	shown clearly		A1 conclusion dep on M2 for eg $8n^2+2$ <b>and</b> a suitable conclusion (may be shown as a calculation/in numbers). The conclusion must be an intention to show that the result is a multiple of 8 and there is 2 remaining.

Q Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
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22	eg $\overrightarrow{ON} = 8\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{2}(6\mathbf{b} - 8\mathbf{a})(= 3\mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a})$ or $\overrightarrow{ON} = 6\mathbf{b} + \frac{1}{2}(-6\mathbf{b} + 8\mathbf{a})(= 3\mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a})$		5	M1	a correct expression for $\overrightarrow{ON}$
					or $\overrightarrow{NO}$ or $\overrightarrow{AM}$ or $\overrightarrow{MA}$
	or $\overrightarrow{NO} = \frac{1}{2} (8\mathbf{a} - 6\mathbf{b}) - 8\mathbf{a} (= -4\mathbf{a} - 3\mathbf{b})$ or $\overrightarrow{NO} = -6\mathbf{b} + \frac{1}{2} (6\mathbf{b} - 8\mathbf{a}) (= -3\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a})$				
	or $\overrightarrow{AM} = -8\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}(6\mathbf{b})(=2\mathbf{b} - 8\mathbf{a})$ or $\overrightarrow{AM} = -8\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b} - \frac{2}{3}(6\mathbf{b})(=2\mathbf{b} - 8\mathbf{a})$				
	or $\overrightarrow{MA} = 8\mathbf{a} - \frac{1}{3}(6\mathbf{b})(= 8\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$ or $\overrightarrow{MA} = \frac{2}{3}(6\mathbf{b}) + 8\mathbf{a} - 6\mathbf{b}(= 8\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$				
	$\overrightarrow{OP} = \mu (3\mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a})$ and one of			M2	oe (M1 for one correct
	eg $\overrightarrow{OP} = 8\mathbf{a} + x(2\mathbf{b} - 8\mathbf{a})(=(8 - 8x)\mathbf{a} + 2x\mathbf{b})$ or				expression for $\overrightarrow{OP}$ ) (where $\mu$ , $x$ , $y$ are scalars)
	$\overrightarrow{OP} = 2\mathbf{b} + y(8\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})(=(2 - 2y)\mathbf{b} + 8y\mathbf{a})$				
	$\frac{4}{3} = \frac{8y}{2 - 2y} \text{ or } \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8 - 8x}{2x} \text{ oe or } 3\mu = 2x \text{ and } 4\mu = 8 - 8x$ $\text{or } 3\mu = 2 - 2y \text{ and } 4\mu = 8y$			M1	A correct expression to find the position of $P$ along $\overrightarrow{ON}$ or two correct simultaneous equations coming from the
		3		A1	expressions for $\overrightarrow{OP}$ dep on M3, oe eg 2a+1.5b
		$2\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{2}\mathbf{b}$			30 on 1115, 50 og 2a + 1.5b
					Total 5 marks

## Practice Tests Set 19 – Paper 1H mark scheme, performance data and suggested grade boundaries

1.0

0	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
V	W UI KIIIg	Allswei	Main	Hotes

	Edexcel averages: scores of candidates who achieved grade:											
	Mean	Max	Mean	Euexcei	averages.	Scores or	canuluales	S WIIO aciii	eveu grau	e.		
Qn	score	score	%	ALL	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	U
1	2.37	3	79	2.37	2.96	2.91	2.81	2.57	1.97	1.32	0.42	0.04
2	3.85	5	77	3.85	4.95	4.76	4.52	3.95	3.15	2.03	1.02	0.00
3	4.81	6	80	4.81	5.85	5.66	5.39	4.84	4.12	3.22	2.15	0.00
4	3.04	4	76	3.04	3.85	3.67	3.42	3.10	2.52	1.91	1.01	0.00
5	2.25	3	75	2.25	2.84	2.67	2.48	2.20	1.85	1.53	0.86	0.35
6	2.02	3	67	2.02	2.83	2.69	2.46	2.10	1.29	0.64	0.25	0.13
7	2.16	3	72	2.16	2.84	2.71	2.42	2.04	1.66	1.14	0.96	0.55
8	2.21	4	55	2.21	3.38	2.70	2.46	2.05	1.39	0.91	0.46	0.00
9	1.52	3	51	1.52	2.81	2.41	1.73	0.92	0.35	0.12	0.07	0.00
10	1.55	3	52	1.55	2.56	1.95	1.66	1.41	0.81	0.45	0.26	0.04
11a	0.99	2	50	0.99	1.63	1.25	1.04	0.84	0.57	0.35	0.13	0.09
11b	1.63	3	54	1.63	2.73	2.22	1.72	1.41	0.77	0.39	0.24	0.09
12	1.53	3	51	1.53	2.59	1.95	1.62	1.18	0.87	0.61	0.17	0.04
13	0.91	2	46	0.91	1.42	1.13	0.92	0.83	0.62	0.31	0.14	0.00
14	0.87	2	44	0.87	1.83	1.42	0.80	0.36	0.17	0.04	0.04	0.00
15	1.24	3	41	1.24	2.63	1.89	1.15	0.56	0.25	0.08	0.03	0.02
16	2.14	5	43	2.14	4.54	3.40	1.85	0.92	0.43	0.20	0.07	0.00
17	1.19	4	30	1.19	2.56	1.64	1.07	0.57	0.32	0.11	0.04	0.04
18	0.95	3	32	0.95	2.09	1.38	0.74	0.44	0.21	0.09	0.03	0.00
19	1.00	5	20	1.00	2.06	1.30	0.94	0.59	0.28	0.14	0.03	0.00
20	0.84	3	28	0.84	2.38	1.08	0.41	0.09	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
21	0.74	3	25	0.74	2.00	0.97	0.38	0.15	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00
22	0.77	5	15	0.77	2.30	0.79	0.30	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
	40.58	80	41	40.58	65.63	52.55	42.29	33.28	23.64	15.60	8.38	1.39

## Practice Tests Set 19 – Paper 1H mark scheme, performance data and suggested grade boundaries

1.0

0	Working	Answor	Mark	Notes
Ų	w orking	Answer	Mark	Notes

## Suggested grade boundaries

Grade	9	8	7	6	5	4	3
Mark	59	47	38	28	20	12	7